



OFFICE OF COMMUNITY PLANNING
AND DEVELOPMENT

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT
WASHINGTON, DC 20410-7000

Special Attention of:
All CPD Division Directors
HUD Field Offices
HUD Regional Offices
All CDBG Grantees
All HOME Participating Jurisdictions
All HTF Grantees
All ESG-Grantees
All HOPWA (Formula)-Grantees

NOTICE: CPD-23-01

Issued: February 9, 2023
Expires: August 2023
Cross Reference: 24 CFR Part 91

Subject: Guidance on Submitting Consolidated Plans and Annual Action Plans
for Fiscal Year (FY) 2023

Purpose:

The purpose of this Notice is to instruct all Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME), Housing Trust Fund (HTF), Emergency Solutions Grants (ESG) and Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) formula grantees on the timing of submission of FY 2023 Consolidated Plans and Action Plans. Grantees and HOME participating jurisdictions (PJs) should not submit their Plans until the actual grant amounts have been determined and announced by HUD. In addition, this Notice provides:

1. Instructions to grantees/PJs under each of the above programs regarding the application of a waiver and CPD program flexibility to meet the consolidated planning citizen participation requirements for the submission of FY 2023 Consolidated Plans and Action Plans;
2. Instructions to grantees/PJs under each of these programs regarding costs incurred prior to execution of a grant agreement; and
3. Information for Entitlement CDBG grantees and HOME PJs about waivers being made available to certain grantees/participating jurisdictions to assist in the implementation of the pre-award costs instructions.

These provisions apply equally to grantees' three- to five-year Consolidated Plans as well as to annual Action Plans (either as a stand-alone document or as a component of the overall Consolidated Plan submission).

Notes regarding applicability:

This Notice uses the term “grantee” generically, to also include HOME PJs, except where the term appears in discussions explicitly limited to one of the other covered funding programs. Provisions of this Notice covering the Entitlement CDBG program also apply to Insular Areas grantees and CDBG non-entitlement county grantees in Hawaii, as the Entitlement CDBG program regulations also apply to their CDBG funds.

Background:

Pursuant to 24 CFR 91.15(a)(1), each grantee should submit its Consolidated Plan to HUD at least 45 days before the start of its program year. The earliest date on which HUD will accept a Consolidated Plan or Action Plan submission for FY 2023 funding is November 15, 2022; and the latest submission deadline is August 16, 2023. HUD needs time to compute grantees’ allocation amounts for the programs covered by the Consolidated Plan, which will be made available on or around February 27, 2023.

According to 24 CFR 91.500(a), a Plan will be deemed approved 45 days after HUD receives the Plan, unless HUD notifies the jurisdiction before that date that the Plan is disapproved. In past years, HUD typically did not disapprove a Plan solely because it was based on estimated allocation amounts. As a result, a Plan submitted by a grantee before its allocation amounts were announced typically received automatic approval, even though the Plan did not list the grantee’s actual allocation amounts.

This practice resulted in significant additional work for both HUD and grantees. After the actual allocation amounts were announced, a grantee had to submit a revised, re-signed SF-424 form listing the actual allocation amounts for each of its grants. In many cases, the grantee had to make additional changes to amend its Plan to reflect its actual allocation amounts, which may have triggered a substantial amendment under 24 CFR 91.505, depending on the grantee’s citizen participation plan process. For FY 2023, HUD will not execute a grant agreement with a grantee until HUD has received a Plan (or an amended Plan) which incorporates the actual allocation amounts a grantee is to receive for FY 2023. Any Plan submitted without the actual allocation amount(s) or before the date of the allocation announcement will be disapproved by HUD and returned to the grantee.

Procedures for Submission of FY 2023 Consolidated Plans and Action Plans by Grantees with Early Program Year Start Dates:

HUD is issuing the following procedures to govern the submission and review of Consolidated Plans and Action Plans for FY 2023 funding prior to computation of FY 2023 allocation amounts. These procedures will apply to any grantee whose normal Consolidated Plan/Action Plan submission deadline (45 days before the start of the program year) falls either before, or less than 60 days after, the date HUD announces FY 2023 allocation amounts for CDBG, ESG, HOME, and HOPWA funding. (See Section II. for a discussion of the timing of HTF allocations.)

The President signed the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023 (Public Law 117-328) on December 29, 2022. This act contains a provision requiring the Department to announce allocation amounts for programs covered by the Consolidated Plan within 60 days of passage and signature into law. HUD, therefore, will announce allocation amounts on or around February 27, 2023.

Note: These procedures will not apply to grantees whose normal Consolidated Plan/Action Plan submission deadline is more than 60 days after HUD announcement of FY 2023 allocation amounts; those grantees should have sufficient time to revise their Plans to match actual allocation amounts prior to the due date for their Plan.

I. Submission Dates for FY 2023 Consolidated Plans/Action Plans for CDBG, ESG, HOME, HOPWA

Grantees are advised not to submit their Consolidated Plan/Action Plan until after the FY 2023 allocations have been announced. Grantees due to submit a new three- to five-year Consolidated Plan in FY 2023 should refrain from submitting the overall Consolidated Plan as well as the FY 2023 Action Plan contained within the overall document. HUD cannot complete its review of the overall Consolidated Plan components independent of the current year's Action Plan component. Once HUD informs grantees of their FY 2023 funding allocation amounts, each grantee should, prior to submission, ensure that the actual FY 2023 allocation amounts are reflected in the form SF-424, in the description of resources and objectives, and in the description of activities to be undertaken (or, for states, the method of distribution). It may be necessary for a grantee to revise its Action Plan before submission to HUD.

A grantee whose normal Consolidated Plan/Action Plan submission deadline is not later than 60 days after the date that HUD announces FY 2023 allocation amounts may delay submission of its Consolidated Plan or Action Plan to HUD until 60 days after the date allocations are announced. This delay will give a grantee time to revise its Action Plan to incorporate actual allocation amounts, and to conduct any additional citizen participation, if necessary.

For example, if HUD were to announce the FY 2023 allocation amounts to grantees on February 24, 2023:

- For grantees with January 1 - April 1 program year start dates, their normal plan submission date would have been before the date that HUD announced allocation amounts. These grantees would be able to postpone submission of their Consolidated Plan/Action Plan until April 25, 2023.
- For grantees with May 1- June 1 program year start dates, their normal Plan submission date would not be later than 60 days after HUD's announcement of allocation amounts. These grantees would also be able to postpone submission of their Consolidated Plan/Action Plan until April 25, 2023.
- Grantees with July 1 - October 1 program year start dates would have more than 60 days between the date of announcement of allocations and the normal submission deadline for their Consolidated Plan/Action Plan. These grantees would be expected to submit their Plan on time.

The regulations, at 24 CFR 91.15(a)(1), state that “...each jurisdiction should submit its Consolidated Plan at least 45 days before the start of its program year.” HUD has determined that it is not necessary to waive this provision in order to implement the procedures in this Notice for FY 2023 Action Plans. This provision does not prohibit a grantee from submitting a Plan in the eCon Planning Suite after that time. It is not necessary for an affected grantee to request an exception to its normal Action Plan submission date under 24 CFR 91.15(a)(1), nor is it necessary for a field office to grant an exception to the Action Plan submission deadlines, under 24 CFR 91.20, in order to implement the procedures in this Notice.

Under no circumstances, however, may a Consolidated Plan/Action Plan be submitted to HUD later than August 16, 2023. Failure to submit an Action Plan for FY 2023 by August 16, 2023, will result in the automatic loss of FY 2023 CDBG funds to the grantee. This requirement is established by statute, and HUD cannot waive the August 16 submission deadline. Funding under other CPD formula programs are not subject to this deadline but, since virtually all CPD formula grantees receive CDBG funding, the CDBG submission requirement effectively establishes the deadline for submission of Action Plans.

II. Submission Process for the Housing Trust Fund (HTF) Program

HTF is an affordable housing production program to increase and preserve the supply of decent, safe, and sanitary affordable housing for extremely low-income and very low-income families. (See 24 CFR part 93). HTF is a formula grant program for States, as defined in 24 CFR part 93.

The HTF regulation at 24 CFR 93.100 requires each State to include its HTF allocation plan in its Consolidated Plan or annual Action Plan, in accordance with 24 CFR Part 91. The regulation at 24 CFR 91.320(k)(5) provides the requirements for the HTF allocation plan, including the requirement that the Plan describe the method for the distribution of the HTF funds and establish the application requirements and criteria for selecting applications. Further, pursuant to 24 CFR 91.220(l)(5), a local jurisdiction that receives a subgrant of HTF funds from the HTF grantee must include a HTF allocation plan in its annual Action Plan. The local jurisdiction’s HTF allocation plan must describe the distribution of the HTF funds and establish the application requirements and criteria for the selection of applications submitted by eligible recipients that meet the local jurisdiction’s priority housing needs. Due to the timing of the publication of HTF allocations and the selection process of subgrantees by HTF State grantees, the local jurisdiction may need to amend its annual Action Plan to include a HTF allocation plan.

The timing of the HTF allocations is different from other CPD formula programs (CDBG, HOME, HOPWA, and ESG) because the source of funding is through mandatory set-aside amounts from the Federal National Mortgage Association (“Fannie Mae”) and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (“Freddie Mac”) rather than Federal appropriations. The earliest HUD expects to publish the HTF allocations is April 2023. If HTF allocations are not published before a State submits its Consolidated Plan/Action Plan, a State may submit its Consolidated Plan/Action Plan for the other CPD formula programs, then submit its HTF allocation plan as a substantial amendment to its annual Action Plan after the HTF allocations are published.

III. HUD Review of Consolidated Plans/Action Plans

HUD will review a Consolidated Plan/Action Plan in accordance with 24 CFR 91.500(b). The 45-day review period will begin whenever the eCon Planning Suite submission or original executed SF-424, certifications and assurances (SF 424B and SF 424D, as applicable) are received by the field office, whichever is later. HUD will disapprove as substantially incomplete any Consolidated Plan or Action Plan covering FY 2023 funding that does not reflect actual CDBG, HOME, ESG and HOPWA allocation amounts on the form SF-424(s), in the description of resources and objectives, and in the description of activities to be undertaken (or, for states, the method of distribution). A grantee whose Action Plan is disapproved for this reason is advised to resubmit a revised Plan after HUD has announced the actual FY 2023 allocation amounts, and after the grantee has incorporated the actual allocation amounts into its Plan. The HTF allocation must be included if the HTF allocations are published before the grantee submits its Consolidated Plan or Action Plan. (See Section II.).

24 CFR 91.500(b) states that HUD may disapprove a Plan or a portion of a Plan if it is inconsistent with the purpose of the Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 12703), if it is substantially incomplete, or, in the case of a CDBG certification under §91.225(a) and (b) or §91.325(a) and (b), if it is not satisfactory to the Secretary in accordance with §570.304, §570.429(g), or §570.485(c). The following are examples provided in §91.500(b) of substantially incomplete Plans:

- (1) A Plan developed without the required citizen participation or the required consultation;
- (2) A Plan that fails to satisfy all the required elements in 24 CFR Part 91, as reflected in the eCon Planning Suite. This includes when the grantee has not provided a final statement of community development objectives and the projected use of funds;
- (3) A Plan for which a certification is rejected by HUD as inaccurate, after HUD has inspected the evidence and provided due notice and opportunity for comment; and
- (4) A Plan without a description of the manner in which the unit of general local government or state will provide financial or other assistance to a public housing agency if the public housing agency is designated by HUD as “troubled.”

24 CFR 91.500(d) states that “(t)he jurisdiction may revise or resubmit a Plan within 45 days after the first notification of disapproval.” HUD has determined that it is not necessary to waive this provision in order to implement the procedures in this Notice for FY 2023 Consolidated Plans/Action Plans. This provision does not prohibit a grantee whose application was disapproved from re-submitting a Plan after that time period.

24 CFR 91.105(c), 91.115(c) and 91.505 require a grantee to comply with citizen participation requirements when it undertakes a substantial amendment to an approved Plan. A Plan that has been disapproved by HUD is, by definition, not an approved Plan. When a grantee’s Plan is disapproved by HUD, the Consolidated Plan regulations do not require a grantee to undertake further citizen participation on the changes the grantee makes before re-submitting the Plan. A major exception to this, however, would be if the reason for disapproval involved the grantee’s failure to fulfill citizen participation requirements. 24 CFR 91.500(b) identifies a plan that was

developed without the required citizen participation or the required consultation as an example of a consolidated plan that is considered substantially incomplete. However, as noted in this Notice, there are circumstances in which a grantee may need to make major revisions to a disapproved Plan, which could trigger further citizen participation efforts. A grantee with a disapproved Plan should review its citizen participation plan and local policies to determine whether it will need to conduct further citizen participation as a result of the changes it makes to incorporate actual allocation amounts into its Plan, prior to re-submission of the revised Plan.

IV. Development of Proposed Action Plans and Citizen Participation During the Interim

A grantee has several options regarding fulfilling its citizen participation obligations while waiting for HUD to announce FY 2023 allocation amounts:

- a. A grantee may conduct citizen participation on its draft Plan (with estimated funding amounts) according to its normal timetable and citizen participation procedures.

HUD cautions grantees that the expedited citizen participation procedures detailed in Federal Register Notice FR-6218-N-01, *Program Rules, Waivers, and Alternative Requirements Under the CARES Act for Community Development Block Grant Program Coronavirus Response Grants, Fiscal Year 2019 and 2020 Community Development Block Grants, and for Other Formula Programs*, and elsewhere are no longer available. Citizens must be given 30 days to comment on the FY 2023 Consolidated Plans, Action Plans and substantial amendments to those Plans.

A grantee pursuing this option should make clear that the funding levels shown in the draft Plan are estimated amounts. In addition, the grantee should include “contingency provision” language in its Action Plan which explains how it will adjust its proposed Plan to match its actual allocation amounts once actual amounts become known. By including such contingency language, a grantee can avoid the need to make significant revisions to its Plan (beyond incorporating the final allocation amounts into the Plan and the SF-424 form). The grantee may also avoid the potential need to conduct additional citizen participation on a Plan that has to be significantly revised in order to reflect actual allocation amounts.

Examples of contingency provisions include:

- A Plan could state that all proposed activities’ budgets will be proportionally increased or decreased from the estimated funding levels to match actual allocation amounts.
- A grantee could express its budget in terms of percentages of the allocation to be budgeted to each planned activity, along with the grantee’s current estimate of how many dollars that equates to for each activity. [For example, regardless of what the final allocation amounts are, the United Interfaith Street Outreach Program will receive 22 percent (currently estimated to be approximately \$38,000) of the grantee’s total ESG allocation, and the Tenant-Based Rental Assistance activity will receive 10 percent (currently estimated to be about \$68,750) of the HOME allocation.]
- A Plan could state that any increase or decrease in funding to match actual allocation

amounts will be applied to one or more specific activities (e.g., any increase or decrease relative to the grantee's estimated allocation amount will be applied to the single-family housing rehabilitation grant program).

- A Plan could list its proposed activities in priority order and indicate that the East Side Sidewalk Replacement activity listed in the plan is a “backup” activity that will be funded only if sufficient CDBG funding exists; or conversely, if the grantee's actual allocation is less than estimated, the East Side Sidewalk Replacement activity will not be funded in FY 2023.
- A Plan could state that, should the actual allocation amount exceed the grantee's estimate, the grantee will increase the Uptown Sewer Separation activity budget and will extend the service area block-by-block along the 600-900 blocks of Cherry Street, based on the amount of additional funding available.

A grantee may include these or other comparable provisions singly or in any combination to meet its needs. A grantee may adopt a different contingency approach for each of the programs covered by this Notice (CDBG, ESG, HOME, HOPWA and HTF).

- b. Alternatively, a grantee may prepare a proposed Action Plan according to its normal timetable, but wait until actual allocation amounts are known before undertaking citizen participation actions. Once allocation amounts are announced by HUD, the grantee will need to update relevant sections of its Plan (such as the listings of resources and objectives, and the description of activities or the state's method of distribution) to reflect actual allocation amounts before conducting citizen participation. All grantees intending to incur pre-award costs under the programs covered by this Notice should be aware that this option will not be available to them, as citizen participation requirements must be met before pre-award costs are incurred. (See Section V. below.)

HUD has developed these procedures to minimize disruption to grantees and to minimize duplication of effort by grantees. A grantee that does not follow either option a. or b. above (i.e., the grantee undertakes citizen participation according to its normal timetable, based solely on estimated funding levels, and the Plan does not contain any contingency language on how the final Plan will be adjusted to match actual allocation amounts) runs the risk of increasing its own work obligations and costs. The grantee will still be required to update its Plan to incorporate actual allocation amounts before submission to HUD. Depending on the requirements contained within the grantee's citizen participation plan, the grantee may need to undertake additional publication and citizen participation processes based on the difference between its actual allocation amounts and the estimated amounts in its proposed Action Plan and based on how the grantee plans to adjust its proposed activities in order to match its actual allocation amounts. Local policies and procedures may also require the grantee to obtain re-approval of the revised Plan from its legislative body or authorizing officials.

A draft Plan that has not yet been submitted to HUD is not an approved Plan. A draft Plan must be revised in accordance with the grantee's citizen participation requirements, which may not be the same as a grantee's citizen participation requirements for a substantial amendment to an

approved Plan. A grantee that delays its Plan submission should review its citizen participation plan and local policies to determine whether it will need to conduct further citizen participation as a result of the changes it makes to incorporate actual allocation amounts into its Plan, prior to its submission.

States and Entitlement communities that also administer CDBG disaster recovery (CDBG-DR) and CDBG mitigation (CDBG-MIT) grants are advised to consult the applicable Federal Register notices that require the incorporation of these grants into Consolidated Plans within a specified period following the award of these grants. Grantees should consult guidance on this process here: https://www.hud.gov/program_offices/comm_planning/cdbg-dr/news/consolidated-plan-updates-2022-02.

V. Pre-Award Costs

A. General Provisions Applicable to All Consolidated Plan Programs

Special attention must be paid to situations in which a grantee wishes to incur costs prior to grant award. For example, under certain programs, a grantee may want to execute annual renewals of agreements with social service providers in order to prevent interruption of social services. The annual performance cycle of these agreements might normally begin after the grantee's official program year start date but, under this Notice the grantee cannot even submit its Action Plan until after the date that the agreements need to be executed. Thus, the timing instructions in this Notice may cause some program costs to be classified as pre-award costs where they would otherwise not have been.

The government-wide Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements regulation, at 2 CFR Part 200, contains language concerning agency approval of pre-award costs. The language at 2 CFR 200.458 applies to any program that does not have its own separate provisions concerning authorization of pre-award costs:

§ 200.458. Pre-award costs. Pre-award costs are those incurred prior to the effective date of the Federal award or subaward directly pursuant to the negotiation and in anticipation of the Federal award where such costs are necessary for efficient and timely performance of the scope of work. Such costs are allowable only to the extent that they would have been allowable if incurred after the date of the Federal award and only with the written approval of the Federal awarding agency. If charged to the award, these costs must be charged to the initial budget period of the award, unless otherwise specified by the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity.

The ESG, HOPWA and HTF program regulations do not contain program-specific language establishing pre-award cost requirements for those programs; the CDBG and HOME program regulations do contain pre-award cost requirements unique to those programs. (However, the HOME requirements apply only to certain types of pre-award costs.) The following guidance applies to all five programs. Additionally, guidance unique to each separate program is provided below.

The 24 CFR Part 91 regulations make distinctions between a “proposed Plan” and “a Plan.” Most notably, 24 CFR 91.105(b) and 91.115(b) describe the citizen participation requirements for a grantee’s proposed Plan. For purposes of this Notice regarding pre-award costs, HUD considers a grantee’s Plan to have moved from being “a proposed Plan” to being “a Plan” once a grantee has completed the publication, public hearing and public comment requirements at 24 CFR 91.105(b)(2), (3) and (4) or 91.115(b)(2), (3) and (4), and has developed its written summary of comments received pursuant to 24 CFR 91.105(b)(5) or 91.115(b)(5).

To minimize additional workload on grantees and HUD field offices, this Notice establishes the following procedures implementing the 2 CFR 200.458 requirements cited above. This Notice provides conditional HUD approval of pre-award costs, contingent on the availability, requirements, and authorized uses of FY 2023 appropriations, if and when the following actions have been completed and documented by the grantee:

1. The grantee documents that the costs incurred prior to grant award are necessary for efficient and timely performance of the activity in question.
2. The grantee documents that the costs are for eligible activities under the regulations for the applicable funding program;
3. The grantee documents that it has complied with all other requirements for pre-award costs under the regulations for the applicable funding program or as described below;
4. The activity for which costs will be incurred is included in a Consolidated Plan/Action Plan;
5. The grantee documents completion of its citizen participation process by including in its files a written, dated summary of citizen participation comments received on its Plan, pursuant to 24 CFR 91.105(b)(5) or 91.115(b)(5) as applicable;

For CDBG, HOME, ESG, and HOPWA grantees, before committing to use funds to reimburse each pre-award cost, the recipient must either make a written determination that the pre-award cost is for an activity that is exempt from environmental review or categorically excluded and not subject to review under related environmental laws and authorities under 24 CFR Part 58 or verify that the applicable environmental review has been completed and a Request for Release of Funds has been approved in accordance with 24 CFR Part 58, if applicable. Environmental regulations at 24 CFR 58.22 prohibit recipients and any other participant in the development process from committing HUD funds to a project until the environmental compliance review process has been successfully completed and until receipt of the Authority to Use Grant Funds, if applicable. In addition, until the environmental compliance review process has been successfully completed and until receipt of the Authority to Use Grant Funds, neither a recipient nor any participant in the development process may commit non-HUD funds on or undertake an activity or project if the activity or project would have an adverse environmental impact or limit the choice of reasonable alternatives.

If the grantee’s files contain all other necessary documentation supporting the costs (described below for each program), the date of HUD approval for pre-award costs is the date of the

written summary of citizen participation comments, or the grantee's program year start date, whichever is later.

Note: Pre-award costs are incurred at the grantee's own risk because reimbursement is contingent upon the availability of appropriated funds for FY 2023 in addition to the applicable conditions in this Notice. Any commitments or expenditures incurred by the grantee in excess of the funds provided by the grant and authorized under the applicable FY 2023 appropriations law would be the responsibility of the grantee to pay out of non-federal funds.

B. Specific Provisions: Entitlement CDBG Program

The Entitlement CDBG program regulations specify, at 24 CFR 570.200(h), the situations under which a grantee may be reimbursed for costs incurred prior to the effective date of its grant agreement. The provisions of this Notice will affect how grantees comply with the pre-award cost reimbursement requirements.

1. 24 CFR 570.200(h) defines the effective date of a grantee's agreement as the grantee's program year start date or the date that the Consolidated Plan/Action Plan is received by HUD (whichever is later). Under the provisions of this Notice, a grantee's Plan may not be submitted to (and thus received by) HUD until several months after the grantee's program year start date. This may negatively affect grantees' ability to incur pre-award costs.

Therefore, to assist affected grantees with pre-award costs, HUD has waived 24 CFR 570.200(h) in accordance with the attached memorandum (ATTACHMENT A) to allow the effective date of a grantee's FY 2023 grant agreement to be the earlier of the grantee's program year start date or the date that the Consolidated Plan/Action Plan (with actual allocation amounts) is received by HUD. This waiver is applicable to any Entitlement CDBG grantee seeking to incur pre-award costs, whose Action Plan submission is delayed past the normal submission date in accordance with the terms of this Notice. An affected community applying this waiver shall document in writing the conditions giving rise to the need to use this waiver and maintain the documentation for HUD's review. Grantees' authority to make use of this waiver is only in effect until August 16, 2023, as that is the last date that a grantee may submit its FY 2023 Action Plan.

2. 24 CFR 570.200(h)(1)(i) requires that the activity for which the costs will be incurred must be included in a Consolidated Plan/Action Plan prior to the costs being incurred; grantee compliance with steps 4 and 5 under the general pre-award cost provisions stated in paragraph V.A. above will meet that requirement. However, grantees must also comply with §570.200(h)(1)(ii), which further specifies that the Plan must advise citizens of the extent to which the pre-award costs will affect future grants. CDBG grantees intending to incur pre-award costs are cautioned that option b. described in Section IV above is not likely to be a feasible alternative for them. HUD advises any Entitlement CDBG grantee intending to incur pre-award costs to follow the process described in Section IV. a. above; in doing so, the grantee will need to ensure that it has

met the citizen participation and notification requirements above.

3. Pursuant to § 570.200(h)(1)(iii) and § 570.604, the costs and corresponding activities must comply with the environmental review requirements at 24 CFR Part 58.

C. Specific Provisions: HOME Program

The HOME regulations specify situations under which a grantee may be reimbursed for costs incurred prior to the effective date of its grant agreement. The provisions of this Notice will affect how grantees comply with the pre-award cost reimbursement requirements.

1. 24 CFR 92.212(b) defines the effective date for incurring administrative and planning costs to be charged to the HOME allocation as the beginning of the PJ's consolidated program year or the date that the Consolidated Plan is received by HUD (whichever is later). In order to account for the delay in Federal appropriations, this Notice allows impacted PJs to postpone the submission of their Action Plans until several months after their program year start dates. This may negatively affect a PJ's ability to incur planning and administrative pre-award costs. Therefore, HUD has waived 24 CFR 92.212(b) to the extent necessary to permit eligible pre-award costs to be incurred as of the beginning of the program year or the date the consolidated plan describing the HOME allocation to which the costs will be charged is received by HUD, whichever is earlier.
2. Attachment A contains the HUD memorandum authorizing this waiver. This waiver is applicable to any HOME PJ seeking to incur pre-award administrative and planning costs, whose Action Plan submission is delayed past the normal submission date because of the delayed enactment of FY 2023 appropriations for the Department. An affected PJ applying this waiver shall document in writing the conditions giving rise to the need to use this waiver, and maintain the documentation for HUD's review. A PJ's authority to make use of this waiver is only in effect until August 16, 2023, as that is the last date that a grantee may submit its FY 2023 Action Plan.
3. Pursuant to 24 CFR 92.212(a) and 24 CFR 92.352, the costs and corresponding activities must comply with HOME requirements, including the environmental review requirements at 24 CFR Part 58.

D. Additional Provisions: ESG Program

An ESG grantee may be reimbursed for costs incurred before the Period of Performance of its FY 2023 grant, subject to the general conditions described in Section V.A., above, plus the following conditions:

1. The costs and corresponding activities must comply with the ESG Program regulations at 24 CFR Part 576.
2. The costs and corresponding activities must comply with environmental review requirements. In accordance with these requirements and section 100261(3) of the

MAP-21 Act, 24 CFR 576.407(d) does not apply. Recipients assume environmental review responsibilities under 24 CFR Part 58.

E. Additional Provisions: HOPWA Program

A HOPWA formula grantee may be reimbursed for costs incurred before the Period of Performance of its FY 2023 grant, subject to the general conditions described in Section V.A., above, plus the following conditions:

1. The costs are incurred for eligible activities undertaken in accordance with HOPWA program regulations at 24 CFR Part 574.
2. The costs and corresponding activities must comply with environmental review requirements at 24 CFR 574.510 and 24 CFR Part 58.

F. Additional Provisions: HTF Program

HTF grantees may be reimbursed for pre-award costs permitted under 2 CFR 200.458 for planning activities and preparation of the HTF allocation plan. Eligible pre-award costs may include the cost of public hearings, consultations, and publication of public notices, as well as developing program guidelines. Such costs must be necessary for efficient and timely performance of the HTF program. Pre-award costs may not exceed five percent of the minimum statutory allocation amount of \$3 million. The costs and corresponding activities must comply with all HTF requirements, including environmental review requirements at 24 CFR 93.301(f).

VI. Applicability of This Notice to Future Years

This Notice applies only to Consolidated Plans/Action Plans submitted for FY 2023 funding. HUD anticipates revising the Consolidated Plan regulations (and other related regulations) to explicitly include, as a basis for disapproval of a Plan, that a Plan does not contain and reflect a grantee's actual allocation amount. For further information on potential rulemaking in this area, see HUD's June 3, 2015, Federal Register Notice (80 FR 31538). That document solicited public comments on possible amendments to the Consolidated Plan regulations and the CDBG Entitlement regulations to effect such a change. See Sections II.B.1., II.B.2 and II.B.7 of the Notice, pages 31544 and 31546. (Please note, however, that the public comment period for that Federal Register Notice has closed.)

For further information:

Grantees with questions concerning this Notice should direct their inquiries to their local HUD Field Office Community Planning and Development Division. Field Offices should direct their questions to the following Headquarters program offices as applicable:

Office of Block Grant Assistance at (202) 708-1577 for the Entitlement CDBG program or (202) 708-1322 for the State CDBG program

Office of Affordable Housing Programs at (202) 708-2684

Office of Special Needs Assistance Programs at (202) 708-4300

Office of HIV/AIDS Housing at (202) 708-1934 or at hopwa@hud.gov

ATTACHMENT A

Availability of Waivers of Community Planning and Development Grant Program Requirements to Facilitate the Ability to Incur Pre-Award Costs in FY 2023